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DRAFT USER PROCEDURES: SOFTWARE  
WHEAT YIELD PREDICTIONS/FOREIGN EQUIVALENT TEST

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*National Aeronautics and Space Administration*  
**LYNDON B. JOHNSON SPACE CENTER**  
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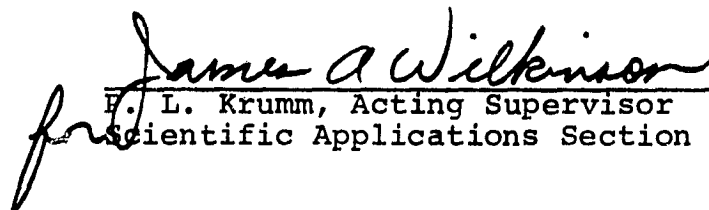
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## DRAFT USER PROCEDURES: SOFTWARE

### WHEAT YIELD PREDICTIONS/FOREIGN EQUIVALENT TEST

#### 1. INTRODUCTION

To proceed with regression analyses, the user needs to have all relevant EXEC, control (parameter) and data files on his own disk area. The files necessary are listed in Appendix 1. These files may be punched over from JSC720 A disk. Program TEXT files are also on JSC720. They are not needed on the user's disk area as the EXEC files link the user's A disk to JSC720 A disk. The TEXT files are listed in Appendix 2.

The complete set of files used in the regression analysis comprises 11 EXEC files, 30 control files, 11 data files and 43 FORTRAN programs and subprograms.

The control files set processing parameters for use in program execution, and also contain labels which identify output.

The control files require editing from analysis to analysis. The amount of editing depends on changes of region name, changes of data density type and changes of data sample and prediction years. The control file SCALE DATA enables the user to scale sets of derived data on an individual basis.

The EXEC files assist the user by output at the terminal which outlines their function, user - controllable inputs, and outputs.

The programs include numerous diagnostics of an explicit kind, and, in general, the diagnostics are self explanatory.

Up to nine predictor variables may be used in the regression analysis. Data sets may contain up to 35 observations.

## 2. EXECUTION OF ANALYSES

Actual execution of an analysis, after editing of control files is completed, is carried out by typing five to eight key words, in sequence. Each key word is the name of an EXEC file. The steps are:

```
REFORMAT  
.SPLIT  
DISPLAY (optional)  
EDIT --  
MERGE --  
LIST (optional)  
SCALE (optional)  
ANALYZE
```

Suffixes used in EXEC names correspond to regional data, e.g.  
KS: Kansas; NE: Nebrasks; OK: Oklahoma.

### 3. EXEC FILES

The functions of the EXEC files are outlined below.

<u>Name</u>	<u>Function</u>
REFORMAT	Writes out temperature, precipitation (and other superfluous) data for each region in a standard climatological format.
SPLIT	Divides the climatic data file into high and low density data files.
DISPLAY (optional)	Lists the two files with means.
EDITKSOK	Create files of precipitation data required in subsequent data manipulations
EDITNE	
MERGEKS	Produce files of potential evapotranspiration, and of departure from normal and departure from normal squared, for the sample period to be analyzed.
MERGEOK	
MERGENE	
LIST (optional)	Displays the files of statistics produced under the MERGE step. The user may choose scaling parameters to apply. In this event, the file SCALE DATA must be edited to incorporate them, before typing SCALE.
SCALE (optional)	Scales the MERGE data before input.
ANALYZE	Forms the complete input file for analysis and carries out the multiple regression.

Operations MERGE, LIST, SCALE and ANALYZE are the only ones required after the first fit of a series carried out on a particular set of regional and density data. The first fit commences with REFORMAT.

Each EXEC outputs a succinct statement of its function on the terminal. It also gives the names of the control files required by the programs executing under the EXEC, and the names of the files written to disk.



#### 4. CONTROL FILES

The control files contain output labels, identifying the data, and specify processing options. In general, they consist of:

- Record 1. Label record
- Record 2. Run parameters record
- Record 3. Edit parameters record
- Record 4. LAST record.

For any particular regression fit, the specifications in the control files must be consistent with regard to:

- Region name - KANSAS, OKLAHOMA, NEBRASKA
- Region code - KS, OK, NE
- Data density description - HIGH, LOW
- Sample - first year, and associated prediction year,  
e.g. 1955 1967

Inadvertent inconsistencies will generally cause termination of processing. However, the programs do not check all possible inconsistencies. As the printed output makes the operation of the programs completely transparent to the user, any inconsistencies will be readily apparent.

The control files associated with particular EXECs are listed below. The user will need to refer to this section when editing control files.

<u>EXEC</u>	<u>Control file name</u>	<u>Notes</u>
REFORMAT	None	
SPLIT	None	
DISPLAY	PARAMHI DATA PARAMLO DATA	No user editing is necessary
<u>EDITKSOK</u>	EDITMAR DATA EDITMAY DATA EDITJUN DATA EDITSEAS DATA	User must update: Region name, region code, data density description and density code.
<u>EDITNE</u>	EDITAPR DATA EDITEMP DATA EDITJUN DATA EDITOCT DATA	User must update: Region name, region code, data density description and density code.
<u>MERGEKS</u> <u>MERGEOK</u>	EVAP DATA* DIFF DATA MAR DATA MAY DATA* JUNE DATA* SEASON DATA	User must update: Region name, data density description, density code (EVAP DATA only), first year, and prediction year.
<u>MERGENE</u>	EVAP DATA* RATIO DATA MAY DATA* JUNE DATA* OCTOBER DATA	User must update: Region name, data density description, density code (EVAP DATA only), first year, and prediction year.
LIST	LIST DATA	No user editing is necessary
SCALE	SCALE DATA	User must update: Data density description, density code.  User must also define, and if desired, change scaling factors for DFN and DFN squared data. If no scaling parameters are edited in, the data are not changed, and roundoff error may be a problem.
ANALYZE	MULTY DATA	User must update: Region name, data density description, first year and prediction year.

<u>EXEC</u>	<u>Control file name</u>	<u>Notes</u>
		User must also check that the second parameter on record 3, is either 10 or 9 as required by the total number of data sets. In the analyses for Kansas and Oklahoma data, this will be 10; for Nebraska data, 9.

- \* The parameters of these files are initialized before each group of regional analyses by the use of the COPYFILE instruction, e.g. COPYFILE MAYKS DATA A MAY DATA A (REPLACE .

A complete set of control files is provided in Appendix 3. All integer parameters in control files are in I5 format.

## 5. EDITING CONTROL FILES

Editing of control files falls into four types. The editing to be carried out in each circumstance is described below. The control files are referred to by EXEC type. The names of the control files are listed in the previous section.

### 5.1 Change of Region, Data Density and Sample

<u>EXEC type</u>	<u>User Action</u>
EDIT	Change: region name region code HIGH to LOW, or vice versa HI to LO, or vice versa
MERGE	Change: region name region code (EVAP DATA only) HIGH to LOW, or vice versa HI to LO, or vice versa (EVAP DATA only), first year and prediction year
SCALE	COPYFILE appropriate SCALE/KS/OK/NE DATA file as SCALE DATA Change: HIGH to LOW, or vice versa

EXEC typeUser Action

ANALYZE

Change: region name  
HIGH to LOW, or vice versa  
first year and prediction year.

5.2 Change of Data Density and SampleEXEC typeUser Action

EDIT

Change: HIGH to LOW, or vice versa  
HI to LO, or vice versa

MERGE

Change: HIGH to LOW, or vice versa  
HI to LO, or vice versa (EVAP DATA  
only), first year and prediction  
year.

SCALE

Change: HIGH to LOW, or vice versa  
HI to LO, or vice versa.

ANALYZE

Change: HIGH to LOW, or vice versa  
first year and prediction year

5.3 Change of SampleEXEC typeUser Action

EDIT

No editing

MERGE

Change: first year and prediction year

SCALE

No editing

ANALYZE

Change: first year and prediction year

5.4 Change of Scaling Parameters - SCALE DATA

The scaling parameter is the middle integer parameter on the third and subsequent records of the control file, SCALE DATA.

When initialized, i.e. by COPYFILE of SCALEKS DATA, SCALEOK DATA or SCALENE DATA, the scaling parameter is 0. Derived statistics, i.e.,

departure from normal DFN, and departure from normal squared DFN2, may be scaled by individual set. In general, DFN2 sets will require scaling by  $10^{-1}$ ,  $10^{-3}$  or  $10^{-4}$ . The scaling parameter is set by changing 0 to 1, 2, 3 or 4, corresponding to  $10^{-1}$ ,  $10^{-2}$ ,  $10^{-3}$ ,  $10^{-4}$ . If the scaling parameter is set to 0, there is no operation.

An annotated example of SCALE DATA is given in Appendix 3.

Editing of control files is simply and efficiently carried out by the recursive use of

C/OLD/NEW/PS/G  
TOP

until all changes have been incorporated in the control file.

## 6. PROCESSING CYCLE - KANSAS DATA

The steps for carrying out a complete production run are given below.

### 6.1 KANSAS ANALYSIS - PRELIMINARY

6.1.1 COPYFILE KSOA DATA A FILE FT08F001 A (REPLACE RECFM F LRECL 80

6.1.2 REFORMAT (note: any missing annual statistics represented by the missing value code -0.01 may be edited into the file SRCE DATA at the user's discretion. The values to be used are output at the terminal. If missing values are edited in, remove the file identifier for missing values, MV, by using C/MV/PS/ \* G.

6.1.3 SPLIT

6.1.4 DISPLAY (optional)

6.1.5 Check that the number of data sets to be input to regression is defined as 10 on record 3 of MULTY DATA (second parameter)

## 6.2 KANSAS ANALYSIS - HIGH DENSITY DATA

- 6.2.1 COPYFILE SRCEHI DATA A SRCE DATA A (REPLACE RECFM F LRECL 80  
COPYFILE EVAPKSOK DATA A EVAP DATA A (REPLACE  
COPYFILE MAYKS DATA A MAY DATA A (REPLACE  
COPYFILE JUNEKS DATA A JUNE DATA A (REPLACE
- 6.2.2 Edit control files associated with EDITKSOK, MERGEKS, SCALE  
and ANALYZE EXECs to appropriate labels (see section 4 and  
section 5.1)
- 6.2.3 EDITKSOK
- 6.2.4 MERGEKS  
LIST (optional)
- 6.2.5 Edit SCALE DATA, if necessary, to redefine scaling parameters.
- 6.2.6 SCALE  
ANALYZE (note: if prediction is not written at terminal,  
run has terminated abnormally. Check FILE FT06F001, or  
look for diagnostics in output.
- 6.2.7 Change first and prediction years in control files associated  
with MERGEKS and ANALYZE EXECs.
- 6.2.8 Repeat items 6.2.4 through 6.2.7 until fits have been completed.

## 6.3 KANSAS ANALYSIS - LOW DENSITY DATA

- 6.3.1 COPYFILE SRCELO DATA A SRCE DATA A (REPLACE RECFM F LRECL 80  
If Kansas data have not been analyzed previously,  
COPYFILE EVAPKSOK DATA A EVAP DATA A (REPLACE  
COPYFILE MAYKS DATA A MAY DATA A (REPLACE  
COPYFILE JUNEKS DATA A JUNE DATA A (REPLACE
- 6.3.2 Complete items 6.2.2 through 6.2.8.

7. PROCESSING CYCLE - OKLAHOMA DATA

7.1 OKLAHOMA ANALYSIS - PRELIMINARY

7.1.1 COPYFILE OKOA DATA A FILE FT08001 A (REPLACE RECFM F LRECL 80

7.1.2 REFORMAT (see 6:1:2)

7.1.3 SPLIT

7.1.4 DISPLAY (optional)

7.1.5 Check that the number of data sets to be input to regression is defined as 10 on record 3 of MULTY DATA

7.2 OKLAHOMA ANALYSIS - HIGH DENSITY DATA

7.2.1 COPYFILE SRCEHI DATA A SRCE DATA A (REPLACE RECFM F LRECL 80  
COPYFILE EVAPKSOK DATA A EVAP DATA A (REPLACE  
COPYFILE MAYOK DATA A MAY DATA A (REPLACE  
COPYFILE JUNEOK DATA A JUNE DATA A (REPLACE

7.2.2 Edit control files associated with EDITKSOK, MERGEOK, SCALE and ANALYZE EXECs to appropriate labels, etc. (See section 4 and section 5)

7.2.3 EDITKSOK

7.2.4 MERGEOK  
LIST

7.2.5 Edit SCALE DATA, if necessary, to redefine scaling parameters.

7.2.6 SCALE  
ANALYZE (see note for 6.2.6)

7.2.7 Change first and prediction years in control files associated with MERGEOK and ANALYZE EXECS.

7.2.8 Repeat items 7.2.4 through 7.2.7 until fits have been completed.

7.3 OKLAHOMA ANALYSIS - LOW DENSITY DATA

7.3.1 COPYFILE SRCELO DATA A SRCE DATA A (REPLACE RECFM F LRECL 80  
If Oklahoma data have not been analyzed previously,  
COPYFILE EVAPKSOK DATA A EVAP DATA A (REPLACE  
COPYFILE MAYOK DATA A MAY DATA A (REPLACE  
COPYFILE JUNEKS DATA A JUNE DATA A (REPLACE

7.3.2 Complete items 7.2.2 through 7.2.8



8. PROCESSING CYCLE - NEBRASKA DATA

8.1.1 COPYFILE NEDA DATA FILE FT08F001 A (REPLACE RECFM F LRECL 80

8.1.2 REFORMAT

8.1.3 SPLIT

8.1.4 DISPLAY (optional)

8.1.5 Check that the number of data sets to be input to regression  
is defined as 9 on record 3 of MULTY DATA

8.2 NEBRASKA ANALYSIS - HIGH DENSITY DATA

8.2.1 COPYFILE ~~SRCEHT~~ DATA A SRCE DATA A (REPLACE RECFM F LRECL 80  
COPYFILE EVAPNE DATA A EVAP DATA A (REPLACE  
COPYFILE MAYNE DATA A MAY DATA A (REPLACE  
COPYFILE JUNE B DATA A JUNE DATA A (REPLACE

8.2.2 Edit control files associated with EDITNE, MERGENE, SCALE  
and ANALYZE EXECs to appropriate labels, etc, (See section 4  
and section 5).

8.2.3 EDITNE

8.2.4 MERGENE  
LIST

8.2.5 Edit SCALE DATA, if necessary, to redefine scaling parameters.

8.2.6 SCALE  
ANALYZE (see note for 6.2.6)

8.2.7 Change first and prediction years in control files  
associated with MERGENE and ANALYZE EXECs.

8.2.8 Repeat items 8.2.4 through 8.2.7 units fits have been  
completed.

8.3 NEBRASKA ANALYSIS - LOW DENSITY DATA

8.3.1 COPYFILE SRCELO DATA A SRCE DATA A (REPLACE RECFM F LRECL 80  
If Nebraska data have not been analyzed previously,  
COPYFILE EVAPNE DATA A EVAP DATA A (REPLACE  
COPYFILE MAYNE DATA A MAY DATA A (REPLACE  
COPYFILE JUNENE DATA A JUNE DATA A (REPLACE

8.3.2 Complete items 8.2.2 through 8.2.8

## 8. INTERPRETATION OF OUTPUT

As the development of the file for analysis proceeds, manipulations of the data are tracked by identifiers automatically added to the file labels of the variables. The data files are printed after each step.

The generation of the input data is thus a completely transparent operation. The file identifiers and their meanings are:

OBJ	Objective analysis data
FULL	Record contains no missing values
MV	Missing value (annual statistic - not relevant).
R MM	Precipitation in mm
E MM	Potential evapotranspiration in mm
P-E	Precipitation minus potential evapotranspiration.
P/E	Precipitation divided by potential evapotranspiration.
ADJ	Data modified by constant
C=	Constant used in modifying data
ETD	Sample from complete record
DFN	Departure from normal
DFN2	Departure from normal, squared
DEG DAY	Degree day data
SRCE	Source data
T C	Temperature in degrees celsius
D>32	Days having temperatures >32°C
COMP	Composite file, e.g. difference or ratio of observations on 2 variables
A-F	August to February
MAR	March data
MAY	May data

APR	April data
JUN	June data
OCT	October data
SUM	Total of observations for specified months
KS	Kansas data
NE	Nebraska data
OK	Oklahoma data
HI	High density data
LO	Low density data
MTHS	Data consist of sequential monthly observations

APPENDIX 1

## APPENDIX 1

The user needs to have the following files on his disk area:

### EXEC files

REFORMAT  
SPLIT  
DISPLAY  
EDITKSOK  
EDITNE  
MERGEKS  
MERGEOK  
MERGENE  
LIST  
SCALE  
ANALYZE

### Control (parameter) files

PARAMHI DATA  
PARAMLO DATA  
EDITMAR DATA  
EDITMAY DATA  
EDITJUN DATA  
EDITSEAS DATA  
EDITAPR DATA  
EDITEMP DATA  
EDITOCT DATA  
EVAP DATA  
EVAPKSOK DATA  
EVAPNE DATA  
DIFF DATA  
MAR DATA  
MAY DATA  
MAYKS DATA  
MAYNE DATA  
MAYOK DATA  
JUNE DATA  
JUNEKS DATA  
JUNEB DATA  
JUNOK DATA  
SEASON DATA  
OCTOBER DATA  
RATIO DATA  
LIST DATA  
SCALENE DATA  
SCALEKS DATA  
SCALEOK DATA  
MULTY DATA

Data Files

REFER DATA  
LASREC DATA  
KSOA DATA  
NEOA DATA  
OKOA DATA  
KSYLD DATA  
NEYLD DATA  
OKYLD DATA  
KSCORE DATA  
NECORE DATA  
CKCORE DATA

APPENDIX 2



## APPENDIX 2

The following TEXT files are required for program execution

AMEAN  
CONVRT  
CUMLA  
CURVE  
DASEQ  
DECOMP  
DGENOP  
DLINOP  
DREADB  
DREADF  
DWRITE  
EDITA  
EDITC  
EDITF  
FETCH  
GENOP  
LINOP  
MADIR  
MATINV  
MINOP  
MULREG  
NADEC  
NUNIT  
READA  
READB  
READF  
READM  
READT  
READV  
RESEQ  
ROSCA  
ROVEC  
SCALE  
SEQOP  
SINTER  
TRANL  
TRANO  
TRANOR  
TRANU  
TRANUT  
WRITA  
WRITB  
WRITE

APPENDIX 3

### APPENDIX 3

>DISPLAY EXEC CONTROL FILES ...  
>TYPE PAPAMHI DATA

                                  HIGH DENSITY DATA  
      2      2      3      1      2      2  
GLOBAL                  0      0      1      2      2      2      0.0  
LAST

P: T=0.02/0.21 10:38:59

>TYPE PARAMLO DATA

                                  LOW DENSITY DATA  
      2      2      3      1      2      2  
GLOBAL                  0      0      1      2      2      2      0.0  
LAST

R: T=0.03/0.39 10:39:42

>

EDITKSOK and EDITNE EXEC control files ...

TYPE EDITMAR DATA

                          MARCH PRECIPITATION - OKLAHOMA HIGH DENSITY DATA  
      1      1      1  
OK HI                  R MM      3      0      0      0      2      2      2  
LAST

R: T=0.02/0.05 19:02:10

>TYPE EDITMAY DATA

                          MAY PRECIPITATION - OKLAHOMA HIGH DENSITY DATA  
      1      1      1  
OK HI                  R MM      5      0      0      0      2      2      2  
LAST

R: T=0.02/0.05 19:02:25

>TYPE EDITJUN DATA

                          JUNE PRECIPITATION - NEBRASKA HIGH DENSITY DATA  
      1      1      1  
NE HI                  R MM      6      0      0      0      2      2      2  
LAST

R: T=0.02/0.05 19:02:38

>TYPE EDITEND DATA

                    AUGUST - FEBRUARY PRECIPITATION - NEBRASKA HIGH DENSITY DATA  
NE 2 2 1 1 2  
HI . P MM 0 0 8 7 MET A-F  
LAST

P: T=0.02/0.05 19:02:52

>TYPE EDITMAY DATA

                    APRIL PRECIPITATION - NEBRASKA HIGH DENSITY DATA  
NE 1 1 1  
HI P MM 4 0 0 0 2 2 2  
LAST

P: T=0.02/0.05 19:03:05

>TYPE EDITEMP DATA

                    MAY TEMPERATURE - NEBRASKA HIGH DENSITY DATA  
NE 1 1 1  
HI T C 5 0 0 0 2 2 2  
LAST

P: T=0.02/0.05 19:03:18

>TYPE EDITOCT DATA

                    OCTOBER PRECIPITATION - NEBRASKA HIGH DENSITY DATA  
NE 1 1 1  
HI R MM 10 0 0 0 2 2 2  
LAST

P: T=0.02/0.05 19:03:31

>

MERGEKS, MERGEOK and MERGENE EXEC control files ...

TYPE EVAP DATA

                    APRIL POTENTIAL EVAPOTRANSPIRATION - NEBRASKA HIGH DENSITY DATA  
NE 3 1 1  
HI T C 4 1955 1967 0 1 2 2  
LAST

P: T=0.02/0.05 19:03:48

>TYPE EVAPOTR DATA

MARCH POTENTIAL EVAPOTRANSPIRATION - KANSAS HIGH DENSITY DATA

3 1 1 T C 3 1955 1967 0 1 2 2  
PS HI  
LAST

R: T=0.02/0.05 19:04:08

>TYPE EVAPNE DATA

APRIL POTENTIAL EVAPOTRANSPIRATION - NEBRASKA HIGH DENSITY DATA

3 1 1 T C 4 1955 1967 0 1 2 2  
NE HI  
LAST

R: T=0.02/0.05 19:04:22

>TYPE DIFF DATA

MARCH PRECIP - MARCH POT EVTRN - KANSAS HIGH DENSITY DATA

P-E 2 1 2 2 1 2 1 2 100  
GLOBAL  
LAST 1955 1967

R: T=0.02/0.05 19:04:35

>TYPE MAR DATA

DFN AND DFN SQUARED - MARCH DIFFERENCES - KANSAS HIGH DENSITY DAT

A 2 2 2  
GLOBAL 0 1955 1967 0 2 1 2  
LAST

R: T=0.02/0.05 19:04:51

>TYPE MAY DATA

DFN - MAY TEMPERATURE - NEBRASKA HIGH DENSITY DATA

2 2 2  
GLOBAL 0 1955 1967 0 2 1 1  
LAST

R: T=0.02/0.05 19:05:14

>TYPE MAYKS DATA

DFN SQUARED - MAY PRECIPITATION - KANSAS HIGH DENSITY DATA

2 2 2  
GLOBAL 0 1955 1967 0 2 1 3  
LAST

R: T=0.02/0.05 19:05:30

>TYPE MAYOK DATA

DFN AND DFN SQUARED - MAY PRECIPITATION - OKLAHOMA HIGH DENSITY DATA

2	2	2						
GLOBAL			0	1955	1967	0	2	1 2
LAST								

R: T=0.02/0.05 19:05:47

>TYPE MAYNE DATA

DFN - MAY TEMPERATURE - NEBRASKA HIGH DENSITY DATA

2	2	2						
GLOBAL			0	1955	1967	0	2	1 1
LAST								

R: T=0.02/0.05 19:06:01

>TYPE JUNE DATA

DFN AND DFN SQUARED - JUNE PRECIPITATION - NEBRASKA HIGH DENSITY DATA

2	2	2						
GLOBAL			0	1955	1967	0	2	1 2
LAST								

R: T=0.02/0.05 19:06:14

>TYPE JUNEKS DATA

DFN AND DFN SQUARED - JUNE PRECIPITATION - KANSAS HIGH DENSITY DATA

2	2	2						
GLOBAL			0	1955	1967	0	2	1 2
LAST								

R: T=0.02/0.05 19:06:31

>TYPE JUNDK DATA

DFN - JUNE PRECIPITATION - OKLAHOMA HIGH DENSITY DATA

2	2	2						
GLOBAL			0	1955	1967	0	2	1 1
LAST								

R: T=0.02/0.05 19:06:44

>TYPE JUNEJ DATA

DFN AND DFN SQUARED - JUNE PRECIPITATION - NEBRASKA HIGH DENSITY DATA

2	2	2						
GLOBAL			0	1955	1967	0	2	1 2
LAST								

R: T=0.02/0.05 19:06:58

>TYPE SEASON DATA

DFN - AUGUST TO FEBRUARY PRECIPITATION - OKLAHOMA HIGH DENSITY DA  
TA

2 2 2  
GLOBAL 0 1955 1967 0 2 1 1  
LAST

R: T=0.02/0.05 19:07:11

>TYPE RATIO DATA

APRIL PRECIP/APRIL POT EVTRN - NEBRASKA HIGH DENSITY DATA  
P/E 2 1 2 2 2 2 1 2 200  
GLOBAL 1955 1967  
LAST

R: T=0.02/0.05 19:07:24

>TYPE OCTOBER DATA

DFN - OCTOBER PRECIPITATION - NEBRASKA HIGH DENSITY DATA  
2 2 2  
GLOBAL 0 1955 1967 0 2 1 1  
LAST

R: T=0.02/0.05 19:07:39

>

LIST EXEC control file ...

TYPE LIST DATA

EDITED DATA - DFN AND DFN SQUARED FILES  
2 2 2  
GLOBAL 0 0 0 0 2 2 2  
LAST

R: T=0.02/0.05 19:07:59

# SCALE EXEC control files...

## TYPE SCALE DATA

SCALED EDITED DATA - NEBRASKA HIGH DENSITY DFN AND DFN SQUARED FILES

	2	1	1							
NE HI	APP	P/E		0	0	0	0	2	2	2
NE HI	DFN	MAY T C		0	0	0	0	2	2	2
NE HI	DFN	JUN R MM		0	0	0	1	2	2	2
NE HI	DFN2JUN	R MM		0	0	0	2	2	2	2
NE HI	DFN	DCT R MM		0	0	0	0	2	2	2
LAST										

Scaling parameters

$0 = 10^0$   
 $1 = 10^{-1}$   
 $2 = 10^{-2}$   
 $3 = 10^{-3}$   
 $4 = 10^{-4}$

R: T=0.03/0.08 19:08:23

## >TYPE SCALEKS DATA

SCALED EDITED DATA - KANSAS HIGH DENSITY DFN AND DFN SQUARED FILE

	2	1	1							
KS HI	DFN	MAR P-E		0	0	0	0	2	2	2
KS HI	DFN2MAR	P-E		0	0	0	0	2	2	2
KS HI	DFN2MAY	R MM		0	0	0	0	2	2	2
KS HI	DFN	JUN R MM		0	0	0	0	2	2	2
KS HI	DFN2JUN	R MM		0	0	0	0	2	2	2
KS HI	DFN	A-F R MM		0	0	0	0	2	2	2
LAST										

R: T=0.03/0.08 19:08:48

## >TYPE SCALEDK DATA

SCALED EDITED DATA - OKLAHOMA HIGH DENSITY DFN AND DFN SQUARED FILE

	2	1	1							
OK HI	DFN	MAR P-E		0	0	0	0	2	2	2
OK HI	DFN2MAR	P-E		0	0	0	0	2	2	2
OK HI	DFN	MAY P MM		0	0	0	0	2	2	2
OK HI	DFN2MAY	R MM		0	0	0	0	2	2	2
OK HI	DFN	JUN R MM		0	0	0	0	2	2	2
OK HI	DFN	A-F R MM		0	0	0	0	2	2	2
LAST										

R: T=0.03/0.08 19:09:13



TYPE SCALENF DATA

SCALED EDITED DATA - NEBRASKA HIGH DENSITY DFN AND DFN SQUARED F1

LES

	2	1	1							
NE HI			APR F/E	0	0	0	0	2	2	2
NE HI			DFN MAY T C	0	0	0	0	2	2	2
NE HI			DFN JUN P MM	0	0	0	0	2	2	2
NE HI			DFN2 JUN P MM	0	0	0	0	2	2	2
NE HI			DFN OCT P MM	0	0	0	0	2	2	2
LAST										

R: T=0.03/0.08 19:09:36

>

ANALYZE EXEC control file ...

TYPE MULTY DATA

PREDICTION FROM NEBRASKA HIGH DENSITY DATA, 12 YEARS COMMENCING 1955, F  
OR 1967

	2	⑨	2	2	2	1	0.05
GLOBAL							
LAST							

1955 1967

R: T=0.02/0.05 19:09:53

>

*10' required for Kansas and Oklahoma analyses*

LOGOFF

CONNECT= 00:38:22 VIRTCPU= 000:09.61 TOTCPU= 000:18.62

LOGOFF AT 19:10:14 EST MONDAY 10/09/78

D